

AMERICANS PARTICIPATE IN BITTEREST FIGHTING OF THE WHOLE WAR; LARGEST CASUALTY LIST YET RECEIVED SHOWS 203 KILLED

PRUSSIAN GUARDS STAND AT FISMES UNTIL BAYONETTED OR CLUBBED TO DEATH AT GUNS

Ask No Quarter and are Given None as Men Lock in Terrific Struggle for Possession of Teuton Base; Fighting Continues on the Vesle, Which has Been Crossed by Allies.

LONG RANGE SHELLS FALLING AGAIN IN PARIS

By Associated Press.

PARIS, Aug. 5.—The Americans covered themselves with glory in the hand to hand fighting in the streets of Fismes yesterday when they captured that German base. The fighting is said to have been the bitterest of the whole war, the Prussian Guards asking no quarter and being bayoneted or clubbed to death as they stood by their machine guns.

FIGHTING ALONG VESLE.

PARIS, Aug. 5.—French detachments which crossed the Vesle are meeting with resistance from the Germans, says the official statement from the war office today. It is declared that there is nothing of importance to report from the battle front.

PARIS AGAIN BOMBARDED.

PARIS, Aug. 5.—The long range bombardment of the Paris region was resumed this morning.

GERMANS WITHDRAWING ON THREE SECTORS.

LONDON, Aug. 5.—Telegraphing from French headquarters on Sunday evening Renter's correspondent says:

"The German withdrawal on the Aves extended to Fontaine-sous-Montdidier and Menil-St. George, which is two miles straight west of Montdidier itself. The enemy is abandoning the whole western bank of the river south of Aubvillers and along the line of heights captured in the French attack of July 23 our line has been advanced 500 yards east of Grivesnes, including Hill 115, overlooking Grivesnes, and the same distance east of La Capelle and St. Aignan to the south.

"The Germans are now engaged in three retirements, one involuntary and two voluntary—all with the view of saving them. As usual they are retreating slowly and in good order, withdrawing in alternate sections, flanked by centers of resistance which always are able to pour a cross fire on troops advancing over-hastily.

"On the Tardenois battlefield our troops are closing up the Vesle, east of Fismes. They have crossed the river a few miles west of Rehain."

SENT TO CAMP LEE

Murphy Proves He is No Slackers; Had Been Held Three Weeks.

James H. Murphy, who was arrested here about three weeks ago charged with being a slacker was sent to Camp Lee Saturday night by Local Board No. 2. Murphy was picked up without a registration card and said his local board was in Atlanta, Ga.

The board at Atlanta sent his papers on here and Murphy was given transportation to camp Saturday. He had registered, filed a questionnaire and reported for examination as required under the draft law.

TANKER SUNK

Thirteen Members of Crew of O. B. Jennings Are Missing.

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.—The American tank steamer O. B. Jennings was sunk by a German submarine yesterday about 100 miles off the Virginia coast and 30 survivors of the vessel's crew have been brought to Norfolk by a naval vessel, the Navy Department said today.

The captain and one boat containing 13 members of the crew are missing.

A CANADIAN ATLANTIC PORT.

Aug. 5.—The fishing schooner Nelson A. of Yarmouth, Nova Scotia, has been added to the list of vessels sunk by a German submarine off the North Atlantic coast.

The crew of the schooner landed here today and reported their vessel was destroyed last Saturday.

Officials Entertained.

W. P. Cobert, principal assistant engineer and A. H. Deerborow, chief clerk for the Pennsylvania railroad, both located in Pittsburgh, and C. A. Spencer of Greensburg, superintendent of the Mountain Water Supply company, motored to the Indian creek reservoir Saturday and were entertained at dinner by Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Fought.

Suspect Arrested.

Charles Schisko, a foreigner, was arrested as a slacker when he failed to report for entrainment by order of Draft Board No. 2, has deserted from Camp Meade, according to word received by the board.

A reward of \$50 stands for his return to camp.

ARTHUR LANKEY DESERTS

Acme Youth Determined Not to Get Into the War.

Arthur Lankey of Acme, arrested as a slacker when he failed to report for entrainment by order of Draft Board No. 2, has deserted from Camp Meade, according to word received by the board.

A reward of \$50 stands for his return to camp.

MEN CANNOT NOW BE TAKEN FROM MINES FOR OTHER WORK

The Mining of Coal Having Been Declared to Be "Wholly War Work."

IS THE MOST IMPORTANT

Industry Connected With the War Program Given a New Status Now That the Government has Full Charge of Recruiting Unskilled Labor in U. S.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.—Upon the assumption by the Department of Labor and the Federal Employment Service of the control of the recruiting and distribution of unskilled labor for war work and the essential industries, the mining of coal has been given a new status. It is defined as "wholly war work." Under this definition, government-labor recruiting means that a war industry, no matter what its importance, is without the right to take men from the coal mines; and that the production of coal is relatively more important than all other industries of lesser essential character throughout the country.

About 36,000,000 people, including workers and those who are dependent upon them will be affected within a short time by the action of the government, according to official estimates. The primary aim of the government in launching the new work is to put an end to the labor "turn over" for the duration of the war. Investigation by officials has shown that the "turn over" in the past has been about 300 per cent annually, and since the start of the war as high as 3,000 per cent in some of the larger cities.

The following principal changes have taken place with the inauguration of the new plan, which became effective August 1:

Individual employers, except railroads and farmers, engaged wholly or partly in war work, whose maximum force exceeds 100 workers, either skilled or unskilled, cannot get unskilled labor except through, or under the direction of, the United States Employment Service of the Department of Labor.

Industrial boards are established in every state, responsible to the Federal Employment Service and exercising supervision over community boards to assist in the recruiting and distributing of the voluntary mobilization of labor for war purposes.

The solicitation of men in the coal mines to engage in work elsewhere. Continued on Page Five.

WELL KNOWN MEN TO DIRECT RED CROSS CARNIVAL

M. B. Pryce is Executive Chairman of Big Event Arranged for Early in September.

Committees for the Red Cross carnival in September have been named as follows:

Executive Committee—M. B. Pryce, F. R. Graham, W. O. Adrian, John Duggan, Sr., W. D. McGinnis, T. J. Hooper, William Sellers, S. P. Ashe, H. M. Kephart, T. B. Donnelly, H. C. Hays, A. C. Stickel, A. L. Straub, R. A. Neville and J. E. Angle.

Finance Committee—E. T. Norton, A. B. Hood, J. M. Gray, J. Fred Kurtz and R. M. Leibberger.

Auditors—Harry Cook and William L. Beuscher.

Publicity—Howard Taylor and James M. Driscoll.

Printing and Advertising—M. B. Pryce, J. J. Thompson, J. J. Driscoll.

Decorations and Building—W. E. DeBolt, George Porter, E. L. Berg, J. M. Franks, H. O. Dumbauld, J. A. Kesslar, Jesse Cypher, Harry Carpenter, P. T. McDonald, Harry Sweeney, Jos. Angle.

Street Amusement Committee—John P. Trader, William Percy, David S. Trimble, Joseph Herwick, C. H. Balsley, Charles Stout, K. R. Kramer, George Pritchard, J. M. Doyle, J. W. McClaren, Antonio Bufano, J. L. Evans, William Brickman, Dr. C. S. Campbell, C. A. Wagner, W. A. O'Brien, Clarence Strawn, A. O. Stone, H. G. Batten, P. Mikalariants and Maurice Smith.

Street Workers—Edward L. Duggan, William Kelly, Charles A. Crowley, A. R. Neville, Frank Sweeney and H. S. Lee.

Dancing—New Haven Hose Company.

Fraternal and Organization—J. S. Darr, Elmer L. McNutt, S. Desmons, A. L. Friel, A. L. Lowe and Russell Vaughn.

Irish Day August 15.

The annual Irish outing for Western Pennsylvania at Kennywood Park will be held on August 15.

FIREMEN PLEDGE FULL SUPPORT TO THE GOVERNMENT

Resolutions on Cancelling the Meyersdale Meet Adopted Here.

ARE GLAD TO CO-OPERATE

Copy is Sent to Director of Production, with Letter from President DeBolt Expressing Sense of the Body; DeBolt Holds Over.

At a meeting of the executive committee of the Western Pennsylvania Firemen's association held yesterday afternoon at the fire station on the West Side, the twenty-fifth annual convention to have been held the week of August 12 at Meyersdale was officially cancelled. The firemen prepared resolutions abandoning the convention and pledging themselves to do all in their power to aid in the prosecution of the war. A copy was sent to James B. Neale, director of production for the Fuel Administration at Washington, D. C.

Last week the firemen received a

request from the Fuel Administration

asking that the convention be can-

celled as the government could take

no chances on having the produc-

tion of coal reduced by a single ton.

Much money has been spent by the Meyersdale firemen and merchants preparing

for the gala week, which was to have

celebrated the silver anniversary of

the firemen's association, and indi-

vidual companies had also spent sev-

eral hundred dollars each, but the

firemen agreed to accept the re-

quest of the Fuel Administration.

For the first time in the history of

the association officers of the organi-

zation will hold office for two suc-

cessive years. President W. E. De-

Bolt of this city is the first president

to retain the chair for more than one

term. It is the custom to elect a new

president at the convention each year,

but as the big week this year is can-

celled the election will go over until

the next gathering.

Following are the resolutions

drawn up by the firemen:

Realizing the great importance

of a maximum production of fuel

at this time and realizing further

that no chances should be taken

by the government that might

tend to decrease such production

of fuel or in any way hamper the

operation of the government depar-

tments in the prosecution of the war,

the following resolutions were

unanimously adopted by the execu-

tive committee of the Western Pennsyl-

vania Firemen's association:

Whereas, the members of the

Western Pennsylvania Firemen's asso-

ciation, feeling the great impor-

tance of the production of the

fuel and other war necessities and

feeling the necessity of every

working man giving his fullest

measure of labor, and

Whereas, we feel the great impor-

tance of a big army of working

soldiers in the United States to sup-

port our armies abroad, be it

Resolved, That the Western Pennsyl-

vania Firemen's association abide by

the request of the United States Fu-

el Administration in calling off the con-

vention of the firemen to have been held

in Meyersdale, Pa., during the

week of August 12, 1918, and

Resolved, Further, That we

pledge ourselves to aid the govern-

ment in any way within our

power and to give our fullest

measure in labor and to induce o-

thers to do likewise.

Resolved, That the Western Pennsyl-

vania Firemen's association

will do all in their power to aid in

the prosecution of the war.

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vania Firemen's association

will do all in their power to aid in

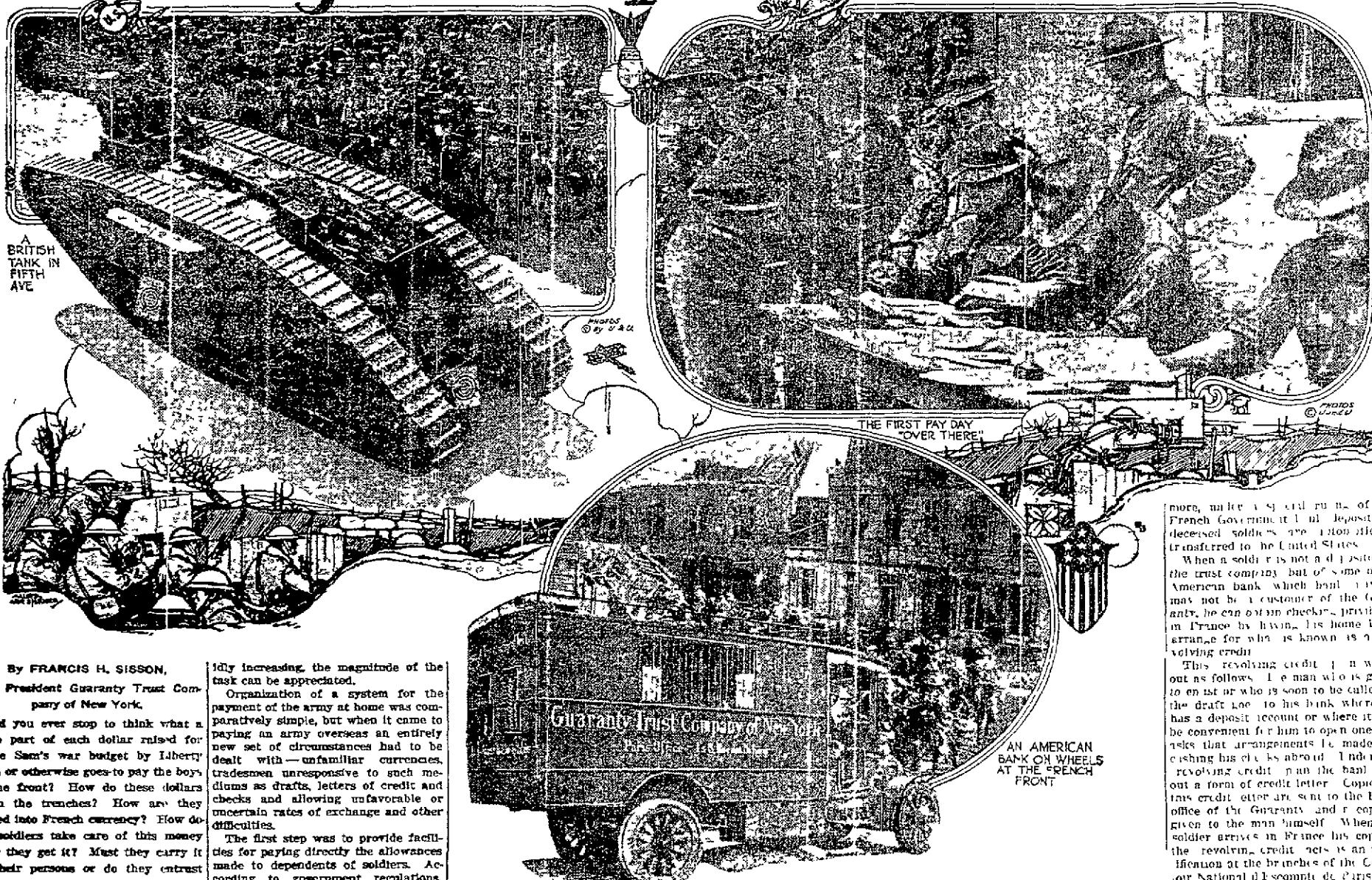
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The Pay Envelope in the Trenches



By FRANCIS H. SISSON,
Vice President, Guaranty Trust Company of New York.

Did you ever stop to think what a large part of each dollar raised for Uncle Sam's war budget by Liberty Loans or otherwise goes to pay the boys at the front? How do these dollars reach the trenches? How are they turned into French currency? How do the soldiers take care of this money after they get it? Must they entrust their money to a company safe, which must be convenient to the lines and perhaps equally convenient to enemy raiders? If they wish to send the money home to their relatives or to their home bank how can they do so while on the margin of No Man's Land?

These are some of the questions that have been met and solved by Uncle Sam's financial agents in co-operation with some of this country's great banking institutions.

The importance of these questions to our troops in France cannot be overestimated. The pay of an enlisted man ranges from \$30 a month received by a private, to \$80 a month for senior grade quartermaster sergeants of the quartermaster corps, band leaders, master electricians, master engineers or the senior grade and master hospital sergeants. Enlisted men serving in a foreign country receive a 20 per cent increase. Officers' pay ranges from \$141.67 a month for a second lieutenant, to \$10,000 a year, received by a general, with 10 per cent increase for foraging service.

When we realize that the monthly payroll for Uncle Sam's fighting force is now over \$100,000,000, that one-half of this is already being sent abroad and that both the total payroll and the proportion of that sent abroad are rapidly

increasing, the magnitude of the task can be appreciated.

Organization of a system for the payment of the army at home was comparatively simple, but when it came to paying an army overseas an entirely new set of circumstances had to be dealt with—unfamiliar currencies, tradesmen unresponsive to such medium as drafts, letters of credit and checks and allowing unfavorable or uncertain rates of exchange and other difficulties.

The first step was to provide facilities for paying directly the allowances made to dependents of soldiers. According to government regulations, married men in the service must allow at least \$15 a month to their wives and more in proportion to the number of children. In addition, the government is required to pay \$15 to a wife, with proportionate increases for each child. Compensation is also provided for dependents, such as grandparents, brothers or sisters.

The allowances to dependents under these regulations at present involves mailing from Washington each month over 700,000 checks, averaging about \$25 each.

At the beginning of our entry into the war the government was forced to abrogate payments in gold to its soldiers on foreign service. The mere shipment of so many millions of gold coins is attended by unusual risks in time of war to say nothing of the disturbance in the money market that such transfers would produce.

Payments to troops abroad are now made either in the currency of France or by check payable in that currency, according to the desire of the soldiers. Those who take checks send them home or deposit them with banks under some of the arrangements devised by bankers here who have correspondents or branches abroad. For the benefit of those who take currency a rate of exchange is established by proclamation each month. This means that the soldier gets French currency in an

amount which equals the difference in value between the dollar and the franc.

The soldier, if he wishes, may have the government retain an allotment from his pay each month for his own benefit, as in the case of dependent allotments. This will be mailed by the government direct from Washington to a designated person or bank at home. If the allotment is made for his own benefit he can draw checks against it, as he can against an ordinary deposit in his bank. With respect to so much of his pay as the government does not withhold, he has the same privilege as he would were he a civilian.

If the soldier receives his checks in France and cashes them there he carries the currency around with him, and, while it is not a staggering amount, he is likely to be constantly worried about losing it. Under such circumstances he is more likely to deposit it quickly. He doesn't like to deposit it in a foreign bank because if he should die he would leave his heirs in a difficult position.

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It was because they appreciated all these conditions surrounding the soldier in France and because they had the necessary facilities abroad for meeting them that certain trust companies entered into arrangements that would enable the soldier or sailor to get his money and to keep or spend it without loss or inconvenience.

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more, under a special ruling of the French Government, in bank deposits of deceased soldiers are automatically transferred to the United States. When a soldier is not a depositor in the trust company but of some other American bank which bank it is or may not be a customer of the Guaranty, he can cash checks, previously in France in having his home bank arrange for who is known as a revolving credit.

If a soldier does not have a check in account at a bank or does not wish to open one another safe convenient and economical means for carrying ready funds both on the trip across and while on the other side is provided. This is a new form of "service check." These service checks have been perfected by the trust companies which are officially designated depositaries for Government funds of the United States in France and in England. The checks are authorized and approved by the United States Government and are sold at the official rate of exchange agreed upon between the United States and French Governments. No commission is charged.

These checks can be purchased at concentration camps in the United States in various amounts and at all the offices of the trust companies issuing them. They can be cashed readily in France, England and Italy. A self-sufficient feature makes it practical if impossible for any but the rightful holder to cash the checks. One is also protected against loss incident to currency.

The cost of the service checks which includes the required French revenue stamp is as follows:

0 franc service check \$8.85
100 franc service check 17.69
100 franc service check 31.35

When cashing service checks the holder receives the face amount of the check without any deduction whatsoever.

A still further convenience for the soldier at the front is an automobile bank which also has been established in Paris by the Guaranty Trust Company of New York and which will regularly carry money to our men in the nearby camps and trenches along the battle front in France.

This traveling bank will be of great assistance to disbursing officers at the various camps in the transportation of funds and will also be a decided convenience for our soldiers. It will not only expedite their payment by the government, but it will also add to the facilities which they have for cashing checks and transacting other money affairs.

Most of the camps behind the sectors in France now being held by the American soldiers are within two or three hours' motoring distance of Paris and the automobile bank will therefore be able not only to go to and from between Paris and the front, but also to keep in almost daily touch with our soldiers wherever they are located along the lines. Those in charge of it will be Americans who understand and can be understood by the soldiers who are far from home in a land of unfamiliar language and customs. This traveling bank promises to become a feature of the life behind the trenches, another reminder from home that those for whom they fight stand with them to the end.

BOYS ATTENDING SCHOOL IN SWIFT'S OFFICES STUDY MEAT BUSINESS



Thomas O'Brien Explaining Cuts of Meat to Schoolboys

This is a story of a pig that went to school.

Not only one pig went but a whole lot of his brothers will follow. Here's how and why:

Two hundred boys who attend school in the general offices of Swift & Co. at the stock yards are growing up in the business of packingtown, so being taught the practical side of the meat business in addition to their regular classroom work which is under the direction of the Chicago board of education.

Demonstrations and lectures by department heads of the various branches of the business have been inaugurated.

Many Animals Killed

Large numbers of predatory animals were destroyed last year by federal forest officers in the national forests. More coyotes were slaughtered than any other animal, nearly 3,200 being killed. Wildcats were second in the casualty list; of these 632 meeting violent ends. Then came bears, the death list being 240. Other animals killed in considerable numbers were wolves, lynxes and mountain lions. Over 40,000 acres in the Comox forest were cleared of prairie dogs by the use of poison.

FOR SALE

All or part interest in a Connellsville business, producing from \$450.00 to \$600.00 profit monthly, on an investment of \$3600.00.

Will teach the buyer the business.

The present stock may be reduced considerably.

Address "Business" care the Courier, giving references, etc., if considering a partnership.

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The Daily Courier.

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Member of The Associated Press.

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all the news dispatches credited to it or otherwise credited in this paper and also the local news published herein.

The Courier's Service Flag.

WILLIAM F. SHERMAN, Hospital Unit, American Expeditionary Forces, France.

RALPH F. SLIGER, Company H, 318th Infantry.

U. S. A. N. American Expeditionary Forces, France.

MICHAEL GRENADIER, HAROLD RICHIEY, Battery B, 107th Field Artillery, 28th Division, U. S. N. G. American Expeditionary Forces, France.

LLOYD B. COX, Company F, 37th Engineers, U. S. A. For Engineers, U. S. N. G. MICHAEL CHOUSE, Company E, 13th Engineers (Railway), American Expeditionary Forces, France.

JAMES J. MCPARTLAND, Company B, 63rd Engineers (Railway), Fort Benjamin Harrison, Indiana.

RUSSELL D. ENTHART, U. S. S. President Grant, U. S. Navy.

CARL STEHLE, 3rd Company, 1st Battalion, Infantry Replacement Brigade, Camp Lee, Va.

MORE UNFOUNDED RUMORS.

The Courier has repeatedly called the attention of its readers to the necessity of disregarding all unconfirmed rumors relating to casualties on the western front and particularly to preventing the circulation of them, not alone as a means of stopping the spread of an insidious form of pro-German propaganda, but to protect the relatives and friends of our soldier boys from needless distress.

An instance of the spread of a baseless rumor was furnished Saturday when the statement was given circulation that the casualties among the American forces during the few days preceding had totaled 12,000. This was the more sinister in its effects upon the public mind because it was reputed to have come from official sources in Washington.

The country expects and believes the War Department will publish the casualty lists as promptly as possible," say the Pittsburgh Dispatch in commenting upon the incident. "Delays are unavoidable, particularly during a great movement such as has been in progress, complicated by the brigading of American, British and French troops and consequent wider distribution of wounded. General Pershing has explained his difficulties, assured that he and the War Department realize fully the natural anxiety in America. It is the more deplorable that sensationalists should fail to anticipate the official publication of the casualty lists by unfounded estimates under the specious plea of sparing the people.

The publication that General March, chief of staff, had informed the Senate committee the American casualties in the Marne aggregated 12,000 has been flatly and emphatically denied and denounced by that officer and the War Department. General March says he made no such statement to the Senators because he has no such information. Whether it arose from a misunderstanding, confusing the total published casualties to date, killed in action, died of wounds, disease, accident or at sea, wounded, missing and prisoners, is not a material mitigation to the relatives and friends of our boys abroad thus subjected to needless suffering by baseless rumors.

"Warned by this experience the public will be advised to give no heed to anything but the official announcements from the War Department which, if it has any news to impart, will make it public as quickly as received. The Associated Press and the U-Press did not carry this unfounded and distressing rumor."

Neither did The Courier, which is served by The Associated Press, aid in the spread of this exaggerated.

The news are developing a regular series in the direction of Berlin but at the present writing they are not reported very largely in the press.

But a zither was not very meritorious in the church yesterday.

The Daily Record to Friday is a newspaper heavily compared with the news the U.S. are traveling between the front and Berlin.

... See may be a little slow in getting the payment checks out to the dependents or solders but they can depend on the old fashioned to pay off the bills in due time.

Good work is being done, we forget that the boys over there are having to eat whatever rations, but are on the job every day.

Every time a contingent of soldiers leaves the more forecasting the outcome for one Bill Kahr.

The Muns have one victory to boast.

of says a Berlin paper: "Another section of France has been devastated. Yes, and the hill Germany will have to pay has been made just that much larger."

Having trimmed out the Marne pocket the Allies now have a firm grip on the seat of the German war trousers.

A trifle warm here all will admit, but balmy and gentle compared with the weather the Americans are handing the Huns on their hurried call to the rear.

Just Folks

Edgar A. Guest

AS IT LOOKS TO A BOY OF SIX

I've never dreamed the joy untold That really lies in growing old. I used to grieve that age was mine, And thought that only youth was fine, But now I've learned from one who knows— The real source of human woes— And human ills—thats a man Must age as swiftly as he can.

I've read in eyes that never lie, That boyhood's days must travel by, And years come for one to smile and find the joys that are worth while. And I have heard a splendid sage Explain the glorious thrill of age And learned how happy I should be Since time has been so good to me.

I should be glad I'm getting old, That nearly all my time is told. I've had a good life for many years, Nor feel the heartache and the tears That now more frequently return. As lower down life's ladder burn, I should not sigh for years long dead But only see the joys ahead.

But yesterday I learned from him That age is laden to the brim With many aches and pains and aches, And every year more gladness brings. That youth is very dull and cold. And he is glad he's growing old. Time was perhaps I thought the same As he, when my sixth birthday came.

Looking Backward

News of the Past Condensed from the Files of The Courier.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 17, 1888.

Detailed report of the Connellsville coke trade for the week ending August 11 shows a total of 13,000 ovens in the region of which 1,500 are in blast and 4,200 with a total estimated production of 57,194 tons.

The average for the week aggregated 4,300 cars distributed as follows: To Pittsburgh, 1,050 cars; to points west, 2,800 cars; to points east, 1,500 cars, an increase of 50 cars as compared with the previous week.

Marriage licenses are granted in Uniontown as follows: Charles Brown and Elizabeth Ann Clark, both of Dunbar; Charles William Hagan of North Union township and Bertha Ferrell of Mount Headrick; Charles H. Stark of Farmington and Annie E. Holt of Chippewa.

The new coke plant at Ligonier No. 3 is now well under way, about 200 of the 300 ovens completed. The foundations for the remainder are laid and about 300 in all will be completed and fired before fall.

A quantity of clothing and a child's crib are destroyed in a fire at Harrison Blackburn's house on Franklin Avenue. The blaze is supposed to have been caused from an overheated candle.

A farewell is extended to Dr. Frank L. Noyes of New Haven on the eve of his departure for China. He has been engaged by the Presbyterian Missionary Board as a missionary surgeon and will be stationed at Foo Chow.

B. C. Collier, a brakeman on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, has his foot crushed when attempting to board his train near West Newton.

John K. Brown, a citizen of Connellsville, and Miss Jessie Kline, of Pittsburgh, are granted a marriage license in Allegheny county.

The Baptist Sunday school is making preparations for a picnic to be held at Chippewa.

Sleeping car, a small child on the platform, and Thomas Hartman of the Greenbush, was overcome on the Southwest road, sprains his back and is unable to report for duty.

J. A. Lyon and Miss Minnie Baer are married at the residence of Grandma Butterman on Main street on the occasion of the latter's 88th birthday. Rev. H. J. Hamilton performed the ceremony.

The new plant at Connellsville market is now well under way, about 200 of the 300 ovens completed. The foundations for the remainder are laid and about 300 in all will be completed and fired before fall.

A quantity of clothing and a child's crib are destroyed in a fire at Harrison Blackburn's house on Franklin Avenue. The blaze is supposed to have been caused from an overheated candle.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 24, 1899.

Detailed report of the Connellsville coke trade for the week ending July 20 shows a total of 13,513 ovens in the region, of which 1,223 are in blast and 5,120 idle, with a total estimated production of 59,512 tons.

Shipments for the week aggregated 7,500 cars distributed as follows: To Pittsburgh, 2,270 cars; to points west, 3,228 cars; to points east, 1,721 cars, a decrease of 100 cars as compared with the previous week.

Marriage licenses are issued in Uniontown as follows: John T. Prior of South Connellsville, John T. Prior of North Connellsville, James B. Nichols of Connellsville, James B. Nichols of Mount Pleasant, Flores M. Morrissey of Pittsburgh; William Johnson of Vanderhill and Jeanne Ashton of Connellsville; Patrick Mulvan and Margaret Harper, both of Dunbar.

Another case of smallpox develops at Dunbar. There are now nine cases in that town.

A short telegraphic dispatch from Cumberland announces the wedding of Dr. William J. Bailey of Leesburg, and Miss Angeline S. Cadwalader of Philadelphia. Mrs. Cadwalader had been visiting at Ligonier and the young couple went from there to Cumberland where they were quietly married.

A party of young men composed of Harry White, J. D. Porter, William Burrows, John Singer and John Martin are camping on the Cheat river. It took the young campers from 6 o'clock to 9:30 to get their baggage on the train at the Baltimore & Ohio station and from all appearances they had enough with them to put them in a position where they can withstand a long siege without calling on the Red Cross for food and clothing.

Mrs. Mary Woodward died at her home in Water street after a few weeks' illness of pneumonia. Four children survive.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 8, 1908.

Detailed report of the Connellsville coke trade for the week ending August 1 shows a total of 13,156 ovens in the region, of which 1,315 are in blast and 3,961 idle, with a total estimated production of 38,923 tons.

Shipments for the week aggregated 7,428 cars distributed as follows: To Pittsburgh, 3,184 cars; to points east, 6,720 cars; to points west, 617 cars, an increase of 216 cars as compared with

the previous week.

The annual picnic of the Connellsville Merchants Association is held at Kennywood park, with over 6,000 persons present.

Connellsville firemen are attending the annual convention of the Western Pennsylvania Firemen's Association being held in Glassport.

Ethelma Della Sliger, well known here

since her marriage to Mr. M. W.

had been since December.

He is a son of

Mrs. Orpha Sliger of Patterson Avenue.

He is survived by his brothers

and one sister.

Following a lingering illness of

over two months, Mrs. Sophia Vanatta,

53 years old, wife of A. B. Vanatta,

56, died in Cottontown, Pa.

She is survived by her husband and two sons, Neal Vanatta of Connellsville and Irvin F. Vanatta of Bell Vernon, and one daughter, Mrs. H. R. Miller of Jamestown, N. Y.

Miss Ethel Grimes, daughter of Mrs.

Freeman, son of this city, and Herman

Freeman, son of Mrs. Mary Freeman of Connellsville, was publicly married at Shady Grove park.

West Penn employees prepare for

the annual two day outing to be held at Oxford park in September.

Lydia S. Thompson of New Haven

is killed when she falls down the deep

air shaft at Trotter mine.

Thompson and Elson Laudman were

repairing the ceiling in the shaft when

they lost their foothold on which they were

standing and unbalanced. Laudman

managed to grasp a rope and save his

life in this manner, while Thompson

was knocked bodily from it.

Announcement is received of the

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**NEWS OF THE DAY
AT MT. PLEASANT
BRIEFLY RELATED**

George Crosby, Member of Company E, Taken Ill, Improving.

LEFT AT EMBARKATION PORT

Council Meets Again This Evening to Consider the Question of a Municipal Water Plant; School Board Will Complete Teaching Corps; Notes.

Special to The Courier.

MOUNT PLEASANT, Aug. 5.—Dr. and Mrs. S. M. Crosby have received word from their son, George, who was left in New York when the other members of Company E, 110th Regiment, sailed for overseas, that he is now able to walk across the floor of his room. He developed a serious case of pneumonia and is now on a fair road to recovery.

To Discuss Water Question.

The council will hold its monthly meeting this evening when the water question will likely come up again. While the process is very slow the committee is taking some step each day toward the installing of the borough's own water plant.

Knitting for Soldiers.

Miss Nell McClain entertained the Sammy Buckus club at her home here on Friday evening. The girls are knitting for the soldiers.

Complete Teaching Corps.

The school board holds its regular monthly meeting this evening to complete the corps of teachers.

School of Methods.

A number of the local teachers are making preparations to attend the school of methods that will be held in Greensburg beginning August 19.

Personal.

Mr. and Mrs. George Stevens and family spent Saturday at Kennywood Park at the reunion of the Scottish clan.

John Trees of Jeannette spent Sunday here.

Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Feagally and their daughter and her husband, Mr. and Mrs. Ben Lorenz, left this morning on a trip to Washington, Philadelphia, and New York City.

At the Theatres

THE PARAMOUNT

"TO HELL WITH THE KAISER."

A romance welded with the big war, with Olive Tell and Laurence Grant in the principal roles, is being shown today. This master drama has been built along intimate dramatic lines rather than the spectacular and a romance with an American hero and heroine runs parallel with the expose of the Kaiser's machinations towards the conquest of the world. The story shows the way in which Wilhelm II plunged the world into war. The fortunes of an American family are followed in the story, and in revenge for the ghastly fate of her little sister in a Belgian convent, Alice Monroe brings about the downfall and death of the kaiser, with the aid of an American aviator. The cast is composed of stars, but the greatest interest is centered around Mr. Grant as the kaiser, and beautiful Olive Tell as the American heroine.

The kaiser's council chamber is shown. Belgian villages are burned and ravaged, there are "shots" of the trenches and a fleet of aeroplanes in the battle with rival aircraft. In the realm of fancy the kaiser is shown going to his final destination, "the hot place."

John Sunderland, who plays the aviator, is also an aviator in real life, having fought more than a hundred air battles at the beginning of the war. The adventures of an American family form the plot around which the romance centers. A selected comedy will also be shown.

The same program will be repeated.

ORPHEUM THEATRE

"M'LISS"—is a charming tale of California in the golden days of '49.

A wild, untutored girl, the daughter of a disipated father, M'Liss is a tender, courageous girl who knows how to take care of herself. When a handsome school teacher enters Red Gulch, M'Liss goes to him to "be learned" and Cupid snatches them both.

When M'Liss' father is murdered and suspicion rests upon the school teacher, she saves him from an avenging mob and real assassin being found. M'Liss and the school teacher are made happy. The story may sound conventional, but there are many surprises in the picture for "Our Mary" admirers.

ARCADE THEATRE

This week's attraction at the popular vaudeville house will be "The Cheery Girls," which comes from Caliontown very well recommended.

The chorus is featured with this show, and is said to be the best singing and dancing chorus playing the smaller houses. All the numbers are being fought more than a hundred Yorke and Al Marks will furnish the amusing situations of the show. On the screen will be Helen Holmes in "The Lost Express," Wednesday and Thursday. "The Woman and the Web," a serial dealing with the present war, will be shown.

Try Our Classified Ads.

One cent a word is all they cost.

CHICHESTER'S PILLS

THE DIAMOND DRUG CO.,
Lester Aspinwall, Proprietor
Pills in Red and White Ribbons,
Bands, with Blue Ribbons,
Drugs, for Children, Adults,
Women, and Men.

Drugs, for Children, Adults,
Women, and Men.</

Carolyn of the Corners

By
RUTH BELMORE
ENDICOTT

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I hope," he said, putting a kind hand upon her head.

"Oh, I know you now!" said Carolyn May brightly. "You're the man Uncle Joe says is going to get a strangle hold on Satan now that vacation is over."

Rev. Afton Driggs looked rather odd again. The shocking frankness of the child came pretty near to flooring him.

"I—ahem! Your uncle complimented me," he said drily. "You don't know that he is ready to do his share, do you?"

"His share?" repeated the puzzled little girl.

"Toward strangling the Devil One," pursued the minister, a wry smile curving the corners of his lips.

"Has he got a share in it, too?" asked Carolyn May.

"I think we all should have," said the minister, looking down at her with returning kindness in his glance.

"Even little girls like you."

Carolyn May looked at him quite seriously.

"Do you suppose," she asked him confidently, "that Satan is really wicked enough to trouble little girls?"

It was a startling bit of new philosophy thus suggested, and Mr. Driggs shook his head in grave doubt. But it gave him something to think of all that day; and the first sermon preached in The Corners church that autumn seemed rather different from most of those solid, indigestible discourses that the good man was wont to drone out to his parishioners.

"I didn't you ever have any little girls, Aunty Rose?" Carolyn May asked the housekeeper on one of these intimate occasions. "Or little boys? I mean of your very own."

"Yes," said Aunty Rose in a matter-of-fact tone. "There. But only to have them tiny arms for a very little while. Each died soon after coming to me. There was something quite wrong with them all, so the doctors said."

"Oh, my dear! All three of them?" sighed Carolyn May.

"Two girls and a boy. Only one lived to be three months old. They are all buried behind the church yard."

The next morning early Carolyn May, with Prince, went over into the churchyard and found the three little stones in a row. She knew they must be the right ones, for there was a bigger stone with the inscription, "Frank Kennedy, beloved spouse of Rose Kennedy" upon it.

The names on the three little stones were Franklin, Frank, Jr., and Clara. Weeds and tall grass had begun to sprout about the little, lozenge-shaped stones and about the taller one.

While she was thus engaged a tall man in black—looking rather "weedy" himself if the truth were told—came across the graveyard and stood beside her. He wore a broad band of crepe

"Eh, so he does," grunted Mr. Stagg. "He's most always in mourning for somebody or something."

"Do you suppose, Uncle Joe, that he looks up enough? It does just seem to me as though poor Mr. Driggs must always be looking down instead of looking up to see the sunshine and the blue sky and—and the mountains, like my papa said you should."

Uncle Joe was silent. Aunty Rose said, very briskly for her:

"And your papa was right, Carolyn May. He was a very sensible man. I have no doubt."

"Oh, he was quite a wonderful man," said the little girl with full assurance.

It was on the following morning that school opened. The Corners district school was a red building with a squatly bell tower and two front doors, standing not far up the road beyond the church.

Miss Minnie Lester taught the school, and although Miss Minnie looked very sharply through her glasses at one Carolyn May thought she was going to love the teacher very much.

Indeed, that was Carolyn May's attitude toward almost everybody whom she met. She expected to love and to be loved. Was it any wonder she made so many friends?

There proved, however, at the start, to be a little difficulty with Miss Minnie. Prince would not remain at home. He howled and whined for the first half of Monday morning's session—as Aunty Rose confessed, almost driving her mad. Then he slipped his collar and tore away on Carolyn May's cold trail.

Into the school marched the dog, having drawn the staple with which his chain had been fastened to the bolt of the tree in Mr. Stagg's back yard.

Miss Minnie was both alarmed and angry. Some of the little girls shrieked and wept when Prince pranced over to Carolyn May's seat.

"You do not shut that awful dog up so that he cannot follow you here, Carolyn May. I shall speak to your uncle, Mr. Stagg, about it. Ugh, the ugly beast! Take him away at once!"

So Carolyn May's schooldays at The Corners did not begin very happily, after all. She had always loved and been loved by every teacher she had ever had before. But Miss Minnie seemed prepossessed against her because of Prince.

The little girl felt badly about this, but she was too cheerful a temperament to droop for long under the pressure of any trouble. The other children liked her, and Carolyn May found plenty of playmates.

It was on the last Friday in the month that something happened which quite changed Miss Minnie's attitude towards "that mongrel." Incidentally, The Corners as a community, was fully awakened from its lethargy, and, as it chanced, like the Sleeping Beauty and all her retinue, by a Prince.

"Indeed!" returned the gentleman.

"I—I think," said Carolyn May, hesitating, "that you must be the undertaker."

For a moment the gentleman looked startled. Then he flushed a little, but his eyes twinkled.

"The undertaker," he murmured.

"Do I look like that?"

"Excuse me, sir," said Carolyn May. "I don't really know you, you know. Maybe you're not the undertaker."

"No, I am not. Though our undertaker, Mr. Schirving, is a very good one."

"Yes, sir," said the little girl, smiling.

"I am the pastor here—your pastor,

"Carolyn May, if you please," he replied, looking up at her frankly.

"Carolyn May, Stagg!" he asked.

"You're Mr. Stagg's little girl? I've heard of you."

"Carolyn May Cameron," she corrected seriously. "I'm only staying with Uncle Joe. He is my guardian, and he had to take me, of course, when my papa and mamma were lost at sea."

"Indeed?" returned the gentleman.

"Do you know who I am?"

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With Her Arms About the Little Girl, Miss Amanda Snuggled Her Up Close.

round his hat and on his arm, and was very grave and serious-looking.

"Who are you, little girl?" he asked, his voice being quite agreeable and his smile kindly.

"I'm Carolyn May, if you please," he replied, looking up at him frankly.

"Carolyn May, Stagg!" he asked.

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SCOTTDALE COMMUNITY FLAG WITH 397 BLUE STARS AND TWO OF GOLD IS DEDICATED

Thousands Gather to Witness Event on Sunday Afternoon.

WOODA N. CARR SPEAKER

Addresses Are Delivered Also by Rev. L. E. Hank and Rev. M. A. Lambing; Gold Stars Represent Thomas Llewellyn and Ray Maloy.

Special to The Courier

SCOTTDALE, Aug. 5.—Despite the extreme heat of yesterday thousands of persons gathered at Scottdale for the dedication of the community service ag. For several squares the automobiles were parked so close together that it was impossible to get another in. The two poles were erected in the square at the Pennsylvania depot, at the corner of Broadway and Pittsburg streets, and on the larger pole was unfurled a large American flag, one of the most beautiful in this section of the country, and on the smaller pole was unfurled the service flag of the community with 397 blue stars for the boys that are now in the service and for the two who have given up their lives two gold stars were placed on the flag. The first of these was Thomas A. Llewellyn, who lost his life on the Tuscarora on February 5, 1918, and the other Corporal Raymond J. Maloy, killed in action in France July 15, 1918.

The program was one of the best arranged and best carried out ever presented here, and was as follows:

Prayer, Rev. T. H. Hughes; "America," by the Grand Army band; welcome, Rev. L. E. Runk; solo, Miss Mary McConnell; service flag unfurling by Miss Meredith Stauffer, Miss Sallie Grumley, Miss Helen Brennen and Miss Dorothy Miller; service flag recitation, Miss Guel Rollinson; address, Wooda N. Carr, Uniontown; solo, Miss Anna George; address, Rev. M. A. Lambing; selection by Grand Army band; program closed with the singing of "The Star Spangled Banner" by the audience.

William Ferguson was master of ceremonies. The committee in charge was William Ferguson, chair-J. J. Hawthorne, R. F. Ellis, James E. Hurst, C. H. Loucks, W. F. Stauffer, B. C. Fretts, F. R. Parker, T. J. Hill, E. D. Anderson, E. F. Dooley, A. G. Newman, Joe M. Steiner, J. S. Cook, Harry Laughrey and John R. Rutherford.

A number of girls dressed in Red Cross costume, under the direction of Mrs. G. E. Huttleback, passed through the audience and the Red Cross collection they received totalled \$378.

Wanted.

Boy to work in furniture and hardware store, 15 or 16 years old. Must be active. Ones who have to attend school need not apply. S. Weimer, Scottdale, Pa.—Adv. 5-51.

Josephine Bruner.

Josephine Bruner, aged one month, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Bruner of Everson died at its home yesterday morning. Funeral services were held this afternoon at the St. Joseph's church and interment followed in the Scottdale cemetery.

Written Home in French.

Just to let his family know that he is coming along nicely with his lessons in French. Edgar Kelly wrote his family two post cards in French last week and his father has purchased a French dictionary and thinks that "Buck" French is not very good for as yet he has been unable to translate the cards. Edgar Kelly is with the Engineers.

Jesse Parritt Under Knife.

Mrs. John Parritt, Mrs. Jesse Parritt, Mr. Myers and son, Russell, and family motored to Washington, D. C. to visit Jesse Parritt, who was in a motor mechanics school there and underwent an operation. As soon as he sufficiently recovers he will be sent overseas.

Driver Car Thrift.

H. S. Seitz, a former Scottdale resident now working for the Winton Automobile company, drove a Winton limousine through to William Ferguson and visited old friends here.

Undergoes Operation.

Mrs. Margaret East was in Pittsburgh on Saturday where she underwent an operation for a small growth on her right eye.

Bargain Day Prices.

We will continue with bargain day prices until entire stock of summer millinery is closed out. Miss McFarland. New location, room No. 201 second floor Title & Trust building, Connellsville.—Adv. 3-393.

Personal.

Mr. and Mrs. Russell Canouse and baby spent the week-end with McKeepsport friends.

Mr. and Mrs. D. D. Fretts of Connellsville spent Sunday with Mrs. Howard Miner.

HER OWN BANK ACCOUNT.

Professional Women Open Bank Accounts, Checking for Expenses.

A time may come when a woman may have to be self-supporting and she should always cultivate habits of independence. Having her own bank account is one way in which she can learn to handle income safely. The woman who makes her own way in the world, of all persons, can least afford to be without a savings account. The Citizens National Bank invites deposits of one dollar or more. This bank is located at 138 North Pittsburg street.—Adv.

Dunbar.

For Sale.—A 4-year-old mare and set of harness and spring wagon. Inquiry of R. L. Marietta, Elk Rock road, Dunbar, Pa.—Adv. 3-341.

RED CROSS NOTES

A branch of the Fayette county chapter will be organized at Perryopolis Friday, August 9. This new chapter will have jurisdiction over all of Perry township except Star Junction, which will continue to work under Uniontown as an auxiliary. W. P. Schenck, executive secretary, will organize this new branch and preside at the organization meeting. Perry township has eight auxiliaries at the present time, and is doing splendid work.

Women Workers in France.

By a recent ruling of the war department sisters of soldiers in the service can now be enrolled for war work in France under the following conditions:

First—The sisters must be duly accredited members of one of the regular organizations.

Second—Each must be particularly qualified by training for the position she is to fill.

Third—That she is sent to France as a worker and not as a relative.

Fourth—That she will make no efforts to visit her relatives in France, whether sick or well.

Fifth—That the organization to which she belongs will make itself responsible for returning her to America in case she violates these rules.

Sixth—That if she marries an officer or soldier in the American Expeditionary Forces after her arrival she will automatically be sent back to the U. S. by the organization in which she is serving.

Motor Corps Service.

The proposed Motor Corps Service in Fayette county would seem to be an assured fact as a number of applications have been received by the executive secretary during the week, and as soon as a few more applications are secured a meeting will be held for the purpose of getting this most important branch of the work started. A pamphlet is issued by the National Red Cross fully outlining the Motor Corps Service and can be secured by anyone interested from the executive secretary.

Benefits for Red Cross.

The ruling of the Fayette county chapter regarding the granting of permits for the holding of benefits for the Red Cross is being very generally observed throughout the county.

Blanks for the use of the branches and auxiliaries will be distributed within the next few days. Any person or persons expecting to hold such benefits are requested to obtain permission from the branch in their territory.

History Denied.

James Hadden of Uniontown has donated 100 copies of a book entitled "The Monongahela of Old" to the Fayette county chapter. This book deals with the history of southwestern Pennsylvania up to 1800. The entire proceeds of the sale of this book go to the Red Cross. They will be distributed among the different county organizations and sell for \$1.

Smithfield.

SMITHFIELD, Aug. 3—Miss Ruth Bailey denies the story that appeared in a Uniontown paper that she was married in Pittsburgh Monday. All the foundation for the story was that she and Miss Alice Rankin, a friend accompanied by two gentlemen friends, were in Pittsburgh Monday shopping, and the parties returned to their respective homes here the same day all in a state of single blessedness as they were before going.

William Britt of Akron, Ohio, visited his parents Mr. and Mrs. John L. Britt this week.

H. R. Sackett returned Wednesday from a business trip to the state of Kansas. W. W. Parshall of Connellsville accompanied him.

Miss Elmeline Huhn of Pittsburgh spent a few days this week with relatives in the borough.

Mr. Conn, formerly employed on the West Penn Railways at Greensburg, has accepted a position with the Fairchance & Smithfield traction Co. He drives back and forth from his home in his auto. The section men were called out at 1 o'clock Thursday morning to help clear up a wreck near Leckrone, on the S. & M. Branch.

Confluence.

CONFLUENCE, Aug. 3—Dr. W. S. Mountain left yesterday for a visit with friends in Iowa.

Orville Osler was a business visitor to Connellsville yesterday.

The Lutheran parsonage is about completed and ready for occupancy.

Mrs. Annabel Burnworth of Johnson Chapel is visiting her sons, John and Will, of the West Side.

Minor Fordyce of Somerfield was here yesterday on his way to Connellsville and Uniontown on business.

Mrs. Grant Pyle left yesterday for a visit with friends at Braddock.

Mrs. Charles Watson has returned to her home in Connellsville after a visit with friends here.

Prof. Charles E. Koontz of Ursina was a business visitor in town yesterday.

Thomas Augustine of Pleasant Unity was here yesterday enroute to Addison to visit his family a few days.

Mrs. Joseph Shipley and children of Connellsville are visiting friends in town.

Patronize those who advertise.

BELL-ANS

Absolutely Removes

Indigestion. Druggists

refund money if it fails. 25c

WOMAN WORKER INSPECTING GRENADES



"GOOD LUCK, FRIEND," SAYS TOMMY



ITALY'S NEW GUN FOR SUBMARINES



This new type of gun mounted on the deck of an up-to-date Italian submarine is proving that it surpasses anything that German U-boats have thus far developed.

Dickerson Run.

DICKERSON RUN, Aug. 3—M. R. Hanna of Toledo, O., and J. J. Roy, of Jersey City, N. J., were busily called here last evening.

Mrs. W. C. Durbin, Mrs. G. Dickerson, Mrs. E. Douglass and Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Albright were shopping in Connellsville yesterday.

Mrs. and Mrs. A. B. Joseph of Dawson attended the funeral of Mrs. W. D. Ritter at Mount Pleasant yesterday. Mrs. Elter was a sister of Mrs. Joseph.

Mrs. C. J. Gaul, Mrs. C. A. Carlson and daughter, Miss Ruth, were shopping and calling on Connellsville friends yesterday.

Mrs. Jess Coffman of Pittsburgh is spending a few days here visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Newton.

W. R. McManus and S. A. Coughanor were business callers in Pittsburgh yesterday.

A. Peterson of the West Side, Connellsville, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Carlson last evening.

Hunting Bargains t

If so, read our advertising columns.

WEAR Horner's Clothing

THE KAISER OUTWITTED BY AN AMERICAN INVENTOR. SEE

THE GREATEST PICTURE THAT HAS EVER BEEN PUT ON

THE SCREEN OR SHOWN IN ANY THEATRE

"TO HELL WITH THE KAISER"

To Hell is the very place we all want to see him go and if you are a true American you will be here to see him go. This picture turned away crowds at the Grand Theatre, Pittsburg, and is now playing the Alvin.

ALSO A COMEDY.

Silk Ginghams and Other Novelty Silks

Designers and manufacturers have gone back to the olden times for inspiration for these Silks which are here in pretty checks and plaids. They are like the cotton ginghams, but with the added softness and beauty imparted by the silk thread. Prices range from 1.75 to \$2.00 a yard.

Dress silks in such demand for street and sports wear—\$1.50 to \$3.50 a yard; Messeline and Satin de Luxe in many shades at \$1.65 to \$2.50 a yard; colored Satins in leading suit shades, \$2.00 to \$3.00; colored Chiffon Taffeta, in all the new shades—1.65 to \$2.50 a yard.

Women Have Been Wearing Silk Gloves Almost 300 Years

—and so there's no need to tell any woman the virtues or good qualities of them. Here are the most popular kinds for 1918—

—Two clasp fine silk in white, black, gray, pongee, white-with-black, \$1.25 a pair.

—Two clasp silk, heavier, in white, white-with-black stitching, black, black-with-white, \$1.75 a pair.

—Two clasp in white, black, gray, white-with-black, \$1.50 a pair.

—Two clasp silk in white-with-black, at \$1.75 a pair.

—Two clasp Silk in white, black, gray, special at \$1.50 a pair.

—Two clasp in white, black, black-with-white, gray, white-with-black, \$1.50 a pair.

Curtaining the Windows in An Inexpensive Fashion

Such pretty, attractive materials that the Curtains may be made without further trimming, if one wishes. The prices are most reasonable.

For example—

Figured nets, 36 inches wide, ivory and white, 50c to 75c a yard.

Marquise and Scrim, with taped edge, 38 inches wide, 35c to 70c a yard.

Plaid and striped Voiles, 38 inches wide, 40c to 75c a yard.

Like Living Velvet is the Skin That Bears

Harriet Hubbard Ayer's Face Powder

the Ayeristocrat of the toilet-table. Invisible itself, it lends the velvety, delicate tone that every woman knows and wants. Cool, refreshing, healthful—a revelation in comfort and looks, it will disconcert you forever with the powders which are "just face-powders."

Proof in every box—proof in the form of a startling improvement in looks and comfort.

Four Shades—two sizes—65c and \$1.25.

Good Dress Shields Are a Summer Necessity

And some of the good kinds we can recommend are these—every pair guaranteed.

No. 3 which sell at 30c the pair

No. 4 which sell at 35c the pair

No. 5 which sell at 45c the pair

People Who Are Fastidious About Talcums

are certain to like some of these varieties which are so remarkably pure and have such delightful odors.

Mary Garden Talcum 75c

Garden Fragrance Talcum 50c

D'Alene Linic Talcum 75c